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# DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY/ MANAGEMENT/COMMERCIAL PRACTICE - OCTOBER, 2018 

## BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

[Time : 3 hours
(Maximum marks : 100)

PART - A
(Maximum marks : 10)

## Marks

I Answer all questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 2 marks.

1. Define Temperature coefficient of resistance.
2. State the laws of Electrostatics.
3. Define dielectric strength.
4. State Lenz's law.
5. Given two vectors : $\mathrm{A}=20 \angle 60^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{B}=5 \angle 30^{\circ}$. Find $\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{B}$ and $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B} . \quad(5 \times 2=10)$

PART -- B
(Maximum marks : 30)
II Answer any five of the following questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

1. Explain various steps involved in converting a network into a Norton equivalent circuit.
2. Derive the expression for capacitance of a group of capacitors when they are connected in (a) Series (b) Parallel.
3. Obtain the force produced by a current carrying conductor placed in magnetic field.
4. Define (a) Average value (b) R.M.S. value and (c) Form Factor of alternating quantities.
5. Determine energy stored in magnetic field.
6. Explain Rectangular form of phasors.
7. Define : (a) Apparent power
(b) Reactive power
(c) Active power.
$(5 \times 6=30)$

> PART - C
(Maximum marks : 60)
(Answer one full question from each unit. Each full question carries 15 marks.)
Unit — I

III (a) Write short note on Kirchoff's voltage and current laws.
(b) Calculate the resistance of 1 km long cable composed of 19 strands of similar copper conductors, each strand being 1.32 mm in diameter. Resistivity of copper may be taken as $1.72 \times 10^{-8} \Omega-\mathrm{m}$.
Marks
IV (a) Distinguish sign conventions for voltage drop and emf in a branch of a network.
(b) Using Thevenin theorem, calculate the current flowing through the $4 \Omega$ resistor.

Unit - II
V (a) Compare electric circuit and magnetic circuit.
(b) Obtain an expression for potential at a point in the air.

## Or

VI (a) Draw the B-H curve and explain various regions of the curve.
(b) Explain mmf, magnetic field strength and reluctance.

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VII (a) Obtain the formula for coefficient of coupling.
(b) The field winding of a DC electromagnet is wound with 960 turns and has a resistance of $50 \Omega$ when the exciting voltage is 230 V , the magnetic flux linking the coil is 0.005 Wb . Calculate the self-inductance of the coil and the energy stored in the magnetic field.

## Or

VIII (a) Describe the phase and phase difference of alternating quantity.
(b) A flux of 0.5 mWb is produced by a coil of 900 turns wound on a ring with a current of 3 A in it. Calculate :
(i) Inductance of the coil.
(ii) e.m.f. induced in the coil when a current of 5 A is switched off, assuming the current to fall to zero in 1 milli second.
(iii) Mutual inductance between the coils, if a second coil of 600 turns is uniformly wound over the first coil.
UNIT - IV
IX (a) Explain RL series circuits with wave form and phasor diagram.
(b) A choke coil takes a current of 2 A lagging $60^{\circ}$ behind the applied voltage of 200 V at 50 Hz . Calculate the Inductance, Resistance and Impedance of the coil.

## Or

X (a) Explain RC series circuits with wave form and phasor diagram.
(b) A resistance of 20 ohm , inductance of 0.2 H and capacitance of $150 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ are connected in series and are fed by a $230 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ supply. Find
(i) Inductive reactance
(ii) Impedance
(iii) Reactive power
(iv) Active power

